

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME XIX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1900.

NUMBER 69.

## TWO SETS OF SOLONS.

Republican Legislators Hold a Session at Kentucky's Capital.

## DEMOCRATS FAILED TO SHOW UP.

They Met as Usual at Louisville and Asked Governor Taylor to Capitulate—Latest Phase of the Situation.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 12.—The morning train brought to Frankfort a large number of the Republican members of the legislature. The Republican house and senate met at 12 o'clock, nine being present in the latter and 28 in the former. The senate appointed a committee to inform Governor Taylor that it had convened in Frankfort, and was ready for business. It reported in a few minutes that Governor Taylor had received it and replied, "Well, go ahead." The house appointed a similar committee and both houses then adjourned for the day.

For the first time since the shooting of Governor Goebel, all guards were removed from the various offices in the capital and executive buildings, except those stationed at the doors leading to Governor Taylor's ante room and private office, and the public was allowed to come and go without question. Sentries were stationed at the capital ground gates, but only as a matter of form, and every one was admitted who desired.

## AT LOUISVILLE

Democratic Legislators Convene and Transact Some Business.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 12—Although the protocol was not signed, there is a truce in the fight for the state offices, to await action by the state courts. Tuesday at Frankfort the injunction suit against Governor Taylor will be heard.

There is much talk among Democratic legislators about passing a bill offering \$100,000 reward for the detection of the assassin of Governor Goebel. Such a bill has been prepared, and it is believed it will pass.

Both houses of the legislature met again at the court house. In the house a concurrent resolution which had passed the senate, was presented calling upon "The Hon. W. S. Taylor to at once withdraw the militia and force of armed men which he has gathered about him in the state house and surrender the executive offices to J. C. W. Beckham, the lawful governor." Under the rules the resolution went over for one day.

A concurrent resolution offered Saturday was adopted providing for the appointment of three representatives and two senators to investigate conditions at Frankfort as to the safety and advisability of resuming legislative sessions at the capital.

## Injunction Suits.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 12.—The hearing of the Kentucky injunction suits began promptly at 2 o'clock. Governor Bradley opened the hearing, presenting the case of the plaintiffs.

## Clark's Case.

Washington, Feb. 12.—David R. Peeler, president of the First National bank at Kalsipell, Montana, was a witness in the Clark case. Mr. Peeler was questioned concerning the connection of State Senator Geiger with his bank, the First National, but he was not able to throw much light upon the subject. He confirmed Mr. Geiger's statement that he (Geiger) had borrowed \$2,300 at the bank, saying that Geiger had given him a deed to property as security. Mr. Peeler testified to conversations with Mr. Whiteside previous to the election for state senator, in which the latter had shown that he was a friend of Mr. Daly.

## Mother Used a Gun.

Youngstown, O., Feb. 12.—Albert Ague, a young man residing in Hubbard, went home with a party of companions. The mother of Ague objected to their conduct and one of them knocked her down. While on the floor she pulled a revolver and shot twice, both bullets striking her son, one entering the groin and the other the leg. His condition is very serious.

## Recruits For Transvaal.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 12.—Immigrants moving here, mostly Russian Jews, have informed the immigration commissioners that some of their numbers bound to the United States were offered 200 roubles at Amsterdam to join the Transvaal forces. The offer was made to those who had military training.

For Ohio and West Virginia—Rain or snow, followed by clearing and much colder; increasing easterly winds.

## OHIO REPUBLICAN CLUBS.

### Fifteenth Annual Convention and the Lincoln Day Banquet.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 12.—The fifteenth annual state convention of the Ohio League of Republican clubs assembled here with about 600 delegates present. After addresses of welcome and responses, President Goldenbogen, of Cleveland, delivered his annual address, congratulating the clubs on their work in the last campaign and urging the organization of new clubs and the re-organization for aggressive work in all cities and counties during the approaching presidential campaign. This is the first Republican state gathering in the presidential year in President McKinley's home state and President Goldenbogen laid stress on the fact that factional differences of former years had been wiped out and that the Republicans of President McKinley's state never were in more harmonious lines.

The report of Secretary Spellman showed the membership largely increased, and that of Treasurer Carr only a small balance. Most of the session was devoted to reports and the appointment of the usual committees.

In the evening the Lincoln day banquet was served. It was a brilliant event. Among those who responded to toasts were: Senator Foraker, Former Governor Bushnell, General L. F. Mack, General R. B. Cowen, Hon. Albert Douglas, Hon. Harry M. Daugherty, Harry C. Smith, Ohio congressmen and members of the legislature, and Hon. W. H. Moody, of Maine.

## Contractors Weakened.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—Of the 7,000 building trades unionists who took half holiday Saturday in defiance of the new rules of the Building Contractors' council one half, it was announced by the leaders, resumed work as usual on the big buildings. When the men quit work Saturday noon they were instructed to return to their jobs as usual, placing the responsibility of laying up building operations on the contractors who, because of the fracture of their rules, were expected to declare a lockout. The fact that many of the men resumed their work is regarded by the labor interests as showing great weakness in the building contractors' agreement to stand by one another.

## A Race War.

Fort de France, Island of Martinique, Feb. 12.—The white inhabitants of Le Francois, being threatened with death by the rioting strikers, have sought refuge here, the governor having declared it impossible to guarantee their lives. The managers of the plantations are requesting permission to organize forces of military for the purpose of protecting the persons who are at work, but the governor will not take the responsibility of authorizing such a step. A band of rioters marched through Fort de France without molestation, shouting: "Long live the negro race." "Down with the whites." "Down with the murderers."

## Funeral of Colonel Thompson.

Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 12.—The funeral of Colonel R. W. Thompson occurred Monday afternoon. Many distinguished men were here from all parts of the state. Governor Mount and the state officers, including the members of the Supreme court, attended in a body. The remains lay in state in the First Methodist church for two hours and a half. All the schools of the city were dismissed so as to allow the children an opportunity to view the remains and during the time of the funeral all business was suspended. There were no church services.

## Seized Two Islands.

Manilla, Feb. 12.—It is reported that the United States gun boat Princeton visited the Tatanes and Catagan islands, which were omitted from the Paris treaty of peace, being north of 20 degrees of latitude, raised the American flag and appointed native governors. It is added that the Princeton found the Japanese flag flying at the Bayat island and refrained from landing there, pending orders. Reports from native sources, which are not confirmed, say General Pio del Pilar, the insurgent commander, died of fever recently.

## New Baseball League.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The non-appearance of A. C. Anson delayed the meeting of baseball magnates interested in the proposed American Association of Baseball Clubs. The lobby of the Great Northern hotel, however, was well sprinkled with delegates. Colonel Whiteside, representing Louisville, declared that sentiment seemed to favor the admittance of the Kentucky city, but the fact that many favored the dropping of Providence, the colonel declared, would make an unwieldy circuit, which he did not favor Louisville joining.

## FINANCIAL BILL AIRED.

Session of the Senate—Devoted Entirely to Its Consideration.

## SEVERAL SPEAKERS SEE FLAWS.

Wolcott Would Have a Bimetallistic Section, and Provision For Refunding the Public Debt Displeases Elkins.

Washington, Feb. 12.—More than usual interest was manifested in the senate on the debate upon the financial bill. The public galleries were well filled.

Mr. Allen's resolution introduced last Saturday expressing sympathy with the Boers went over without losing its place.

The financial bill was then called up and Mr. Elkins (W. Va.) addressed the senate. His opening sentences were a reference to the speech delivered on Saturday by Mr. Chandler. He said that was a speech which would be "distributed by hundreds of thousands, not by his own political associates, but by his political enemies." He commended the general provisions of the bill, but criticized the sixth section, which provides for the refunding of the public debt. He said in part: "The refunding of the public debt is not necessarily a part of the bill. Why mix the subject of establishing and defining the monetary standard, strengthening the public credit with what must, at best, under the provisions of the bill, be an experiment, and which, if it should fail, would prove hurtful to the general purposes and policy of the measure and the public interest. The refunding of the public debt is purely a practical or administrative question. It should have no place in our politics."

Mr. Wolcott next addressed the senate on the currency bill.

Referring to the first section of the senate bill declaring the gold dollar should continue to stand as the standard unit of value, Mr. Wolcott said: "Of course it will, and it would so continue if this section were eliminated from the bill. We might as well gravely pass a law providing that a yard shall continue to be three feet in length. The provision requiring the payment of the principal and interest of the new bonds in gold represents, I think, a mistaken view as to our national credit. I cannot but express my regret that the committee felt that the exigencies of the money market required a departure from the terms heretofore used in government obligations." As to bimetallism, Mr. Wolcott said: "In this country bimetallism has received its greatest injury at the hands of the Bryan Democracy and the Populists. The failure of the Republican party to stand up for the principles it has always advocated will bring it no additional votes. The Chicago platform offers no hope for bimetallism. Our St. Louis declaration of faith and principles elected Mr. McKinley and will triumphantly re-elect him, and I must be pardoned for urging that it is bad politics as well as bad morals for us to change the line of battle in the face of a once defeated enemy."

"Bimetallism assumes even greater importance since the acquisition of the Philippines. Here are 5,000,000 of people knowing only silver, and we can never impose upon them a gold standard and a gold currency without destroying their ability to compete with the other countries of the Orient."

In conclusion, he said: "It is my sincere conviction that in our day, and I believe soon, a genuine and united effort will be sought by the leading commercial nations to restore the bimetallic system. The amendment before the senate informs the world that we stand ready to co-operate. If it is accomplished it can only be through the aid in this country of the party which has ever stood for the maintenance of the national honor, and the national credit, and when it comes, it will come to bless mankind."

A bill was introduced by Senator Foster (Wash.) providing for the construction of a government cable line from the United States to the Philippines. The distinguishing feature of the bill is that it requires that the cable shall be laid from some point on the coast of Washington, and that it shall run via Alaska and north of Aleutian islands to the island of Attu, and thence to the boundary between Russia and Japan, and thence, with several stops, to the Philippines. An independent cable from San Francisco to Hawaii is provided for.

## House Proceedings.

Washington, Feb. 12.—At the opening of the house the 35 private pension

bills favorably acted upon by the committee of the whole at last Friday night's session were passed. A resolution to print 15,000 copies of the reports of the Philippine commission was adopted. This being District of Columbia day, the house then proceeded to the consideration of business relating to the district.

## INNING OF ORATORS.

Anti-Trust Conference Called to Order

In the Windy City.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—The anti-trust conference called by the Anti-Trust league came to order in Central Music hall in this city. President Lockwood, of the executive committee, called the meeting to order.

Mayor Harrison welcomed the delegates on behalf of the city. He denounced trusts in general as dangerous and threatening the integrity of the nation. The time had come, he said, to do away with trusts. Already, he continued, the senate of the United States had been reduced to a small convention of the owners and representatives of the trusts. A few years more would see the house and our judiciary reduced to the same condition. Former Judge William Prentiss, of Illinois, was elected temporary chairman and addressed the convention.

Franklin H. Wentworth, of Chicago, was elected temporary secretary. The following were appointed temporary vice presidents: Ex-Governor Altgeld of Illinois, John Crosby of New York, Richard Dalton of Kansas, Tom L. Johnson of Ohio, Judge Tuley of Chicago, General Warner of Ohio, Judge Clegg of Louisiana, E. R. Ridgeley and Jerry Simpson of Kansas, Rev. Dr. Slade of Illinois, F. Van Vorhees of Indiana, and Governor Lee of South Dakota. Several exhaustive papers were read and the usual committees appointed.

## Wants It Amended.

New York, Feb. 12.—Governor Roosevelt issued this statement: "I most earnestly hope that the pending treaty concerning the isthmian canal will not be ratified, unless amended so as to provide that the canal, when built, shall be wholly under the control of the United States alike in peace and war. This seems to me vital, no less from the standpoint of our sea power than from the standpoint of the Monroe doctrine."

## Appropriately Observed.

New York, Feb. 12.—The 91st anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln was celebrated in this city by patriotic societies, Republican clubs and organizations. Business was generally suspended. At Delmonico's the Republican clubs celebrated the event with a dinner. Congressman Cousins of Iowa delivered an address and speeches were made by Attorney General Griggs and others.

## For a New Trial.

New York, Feb. 12.—Barrow S. Weeks, counsel for Roland B. Molineux, said that he felt confident that a new trial would be granted. Mr. Weeks was asked if steps would be taken to keep Molineux from going to Sing Sing while awaiting the result of the appeal, and replied that he knew of no way that that could be avoided.

## Former Chess Champion.

New York, Feb. 12.—William Steinitz, who was for many years the chess champion, was taken to the Manhattan state hospital for the insane on Ward's Island without any word having been received from his friends. It is said his wife is unable to provide for him in a sanitarium or private institution. Steinitz is 62 years old.

## Foreigners Reassured.

Peking, Feb. 12.—A notification has been sent by the Tsung-Li-Yamen to the foreign legations that the emperor will hold the customary New Year's audience Feb. 9. This is regarded as an important indication of the desire of the dowager empress and the authorities to reassure the foreign representatives.

## Dressed In Turkish Fashion.

New York, Feb. 12.—Ali Ferrouh Bey, the Turkish minister to the United States, arrived on La Gascogne and left at once for Washington. Minister Ferrouh was accompanied by his wife and sister-in-law, who were dressed in Turkish fashion.

## Mysterious Suicide.

St. Louis, Feb. 12.—Hugo Kromrey, 50, secretary of the St. Louis Mutual House Building company, No. 3, committed suicide in his office. Kromrey was well known in financial and realty circles. His friends are at a loss to account for his action.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—Fidelity Building Loan Co., Columbus, \$1,000,000; Jackson & May Cigar Company, Cincinnati, \$10,000; Dauntless Burner and Gas Stove Company, Massillon, \$6,000.

## WHY BULLER FAILED.

He Informa Roberts of His Latest Attempt to Relieve Ladysmith.

## ITS FALL ONLY A MATTER OF HOURS

General Joubert Threatening the British In Natal, and at the Other Points the English Are In a Bad Way.

London, Feb. 12.—The war office has received the following despatch from Field Marshal Lord Roberts: "I have received a telegram from Buller as follows, dated Feb. 9: 'It was necessary after seizing Vaal Krantz to entrench it as the pivot of further operations. But I found, after trying two days, that owing to the nature of the ground this was impracticable. I was also exposed to the fire of heavy guns in positions from which our artillery was dominated. It is essential to troops advancing on Ladysmith by Harding or Monger's drift to hold Vaal Krantz securely, and accordingly we are not pressing the advance by these roads, as I find we cannot make it secure.'"

London, Feb. 12.—The news from South Africa throws a great light on the war situation. Lord Roberts is not engaged in a movement against Bloomfontein, but is at Modder river, and it is believed he means to attack General Cronje for the purpose of relieving Cecil Rhodes and the besieged city of Kimberley, whose inhabitants have been eating horse meat for five weeks and whose death rate has grown alarmingly. General Cronje has strengthened his position, in expectation of an attack. At Rensberg the Boers are strong enough to take the offensive.

The most depressing news, however, comes from Natal. The Boers have occupied a farm south of the Tugela near Chieveley, which farm is studded with hills, from which the country can be commanded for miles around. It is reported from Durban that General Joubert is marching with a column of 6,000 men to outflank General Buller. A Boer column is operating in Zululand, and there seems to be alarm in Natal and a fear that General Buller's line of communication will be attacked.

Although Winston Churchill telegraphs that General Buller is about to make a fourth attack on the Boer front the London papers call attention to the fact that the general has removed his headquarters from Spearman's camp to Springfield, and apparently don't believe that General Buller will attack again. As for Ladysmith, the military experts have given up hope. It is agreed that a sortie from the beleaguered town would result in the British being cut to pieces.

Experts note with alarm the appearance of enteric fever in General Gatling's and the other camps.

The fifth month of the war opens with the Boers apparently about to take the offensive, with their armies apparently intact and well supplied with ammunition, and, according to Winston Churchill, foreigners and war munitions pouring into the Transvaal through Delagoa bay.

It is said positively that General McDonald's withdrawal from Koodoosberg was ordered by General Methuen under Lord Roberts' instructions.

Frank Harris, former editor of the Saturday Review, in a pamphlet reiterates the view which the St. James Gazette has been insisting upon, that "quality and not quantity is what England needs to beat the Boers," and "that England always fails to learn by experience." He adds: "The battle of Saratoga should have taught every Englishman the true theory of war. There the American militia not only defeated the English troops, but forced them to an ignominious surrender, and mark it, those same English troops were the best soldiers of their time. Or take a still clearer case. Wellington's veterans were beaten at New Orleans by half their number of raw militia, but even New Orleans taught the English nothing."

## Roberts In Command.

London, Feb. 12.—In the house of lords, replying to a question as to whether Major General Sir Frederick Carrington was destined for a command in South Africa, and whether General Methuen was still in command at the Modder river, Lord Lansdowne, the secretary of state for war, at once answered that portion of the query referring to General Carrington in the affirmative, and added General Roberts is now at the Modder river and in command of the whole forces.

# EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSE & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1900.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR KENTUCKY—Fair to-night; much cooler in Central and East portions Wednesday; fair with warmer in West portions.

WHEN the clouds roll by people of all parties will respect Governor Taylor for an exhibit of backbone that was in strong contrast to the weak members who were ready and willing to surrender the rights of the men who elected him to the Governorship.—Public Ledger.

Backbone? According to dispatches it required the combined efforts of a crowd of at least 200 stalwart Republicans to brace him up until he could say no.

The statement is published that the Standard Oil Company paid 50 per cent. dividends last year. Along with this statement comes another that the company has advanced the price of refined oil 3 cents a gallon. Three cents a gallon doesn't seem much, but it is estimated that it will yield the Standard \$29,000,000 a year, to go to increase their already phenomenal profits.

THE National Salt Company now controls about 90 per cent. of this country's product of salt. It and the smaller combinations which it has absorbed since 1896 have nearly doubled the price of common salt. In addition to this, it has "dead rented" and closed many of its plants, and is now being prosecuted in Ohio because it has, for monopoly purposes, bought and closed three or four furnaces at Pomeroy, Ohio. But trusts have to have dividends for their stockholders, and the only way in which to get sufficient money to pay dividends on their millions of watered stock is by robbing the people.

It's a common expression now among Kentucky Republicans that when the ballots are cast that ought to settle the matter, and the man with the most votes ought to have the office. But that's not in accord with their party record. In the Fifty-fourth Congress ten Democratic members were unseated by the Republicans. One of these Democrats, on the face of the returns, had over 3,000 majority, another over 5,000, another over 1,500, and the majority of most of the others ranged up in the hundreds. In the Fifty-fifth Congress the Republicans "fired" three Democrats and in the Fifty-sixth two more were given their walking papers. One of these had over 6,000 majority on the face of the returns. Republicans will have to blot out their party record before they can keep up their present talk, very consistently.

REPUBLICANS of late have been gulping down most anything the Lexington Herald handed out to them, and when they got hold of the following their condition may be imagined:

We have always believed the electoral commission was an unspeakable misfortune. It has been the fruitful source of unnumbered crimes upon the right of suffrage; under its name frightful corruption and base prostitution of the election machinery have wrought constant and untold evils. If reputable and distinguished jurists, statesmen and Senators could lawfully steal the Presidency, why should humbler men refrain from any act which secured for them or their party the fruits of election? Like a pervasive poison it has ceaselessly and powerfully permeated through the body politic. Enormous campaign funds; shameful bargains of office and patronage; base trades concerning raids upon the public treasury; innumerable frauds upon the ballot; the gradual lowering of the tone of public morals concerning elections; these are some of the results of that compromise by which the theft of the Presidency was made legal and respectable. \* \* \*

Thus do we learn where all this trouble started. And we also learn who started it.

## RеспUBLICAN OFFICIALS

Raised the Mountain Mob, But Did Not Pay the Intimidators As They Promised.

JACKSON, Ky., Feb 11th.—It is well understood through this county, and there is little doubt but it is true, that the big mob which recently went to Frankfort from Southeastern Kentucky for the purpose of intimidating the Legislature, was raised by two State officers of the Republican party, who went out from the State capital, and taking it horseback after they reached the mountain section, rode up and down creeks and branches, and by personal solicitation secured their followers. They promised each man \$1.50 per day and a free ride to the city of Frankfort. Of course all of them got the free ride, but few of them secured their per diem, and now comes a howl from many portions of the country which the two Taylor agents visited. Some of the men who were duped into going are still kicking themselves and swearing they will never vote the Republican ticket again as long as they live.

## CONTESTS IN CONGRESS.

Merit Avails But Little—Partisan Spirit Rules—Some Deplorable Facts About Politics.

[Courier-Journal.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The deplorable tragedy in Kentucky January 30, growing out of the contest before the Legislature for Governor, and the subsequent events has absorbed the entire mind upon the question of contests for office, and the subject has led to more discussion at Washington, and perhaps throughout the country than at any time since the Tilden-Hayes contest of 1876-7.

In a brief paragraph in these dispatches a few nights since the Courier-Journal correspondent mentioned the fact that the lower house of Congress was to a large measure responsible for these party contests, for the reason that at its every session it established precedent after precedent, and in nine cases out of ten decided contest cases purely on party grounds. That is to say that Democrat contestant was generally seated in a Democratic House, and that a Republican contestant was almost sure to get his seat in a Republican House. It did not matter how large a majority a member may have received on the face of the returns if his politics did not suit the dominant majority in the House he had to go.

In ten Congresses commencing with the Forty-seventh and concluding with the present, the Fifty-sixth, the Courier-Journal correspondent has rarely seen a contested election case decided entirely upon its merits as in a case of law and equity. The members could never separate themselves from their politics and party friends.

In those ten Congresses five have been Democratic and five Republican. The Democratic Congresses were the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-second and Fifty-third, the Republicans were the Forty-seventh, Fifty-first, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth. Thus, a fair comparison can be made.

There have been in all 124 contests brought before the House; of those eighty-four have been Republicans and forty Democrats. The Republicans have unseated thirty-three Democrats and the Democrats have unseated twelve Republicans. The contests which were brought by Democrats in a Republican House were most always fruitless and the same can be said of the contests brought by Republicans in a house controlled by Democrats. The cases of this kind number about fifty, and there were about thirty cases not prosecuted.

## VIEWS OF OUTSIDERS.

Options Express Themselves on the Kentucky Situation—A Roast for Taylor.

[Enquirer.]

The Kentucky situation is still the subject of conversation in the hotel lobbies. Judge Higgins, of Hillsboro, Ohio, who was at the Gibson Saturday, said:

"Taylor made a mistake in dispersing the Legislature, as we look on dispassionately from this side of the river. It was proceeding under the law, and appeal from any of its actions would be to the people at the next election. There seems to have been no insurrection, the ground stated for a change of session in the Governor's proclamation."

"Taylor has no more right to reconvene the Legislature at Frankfort than he had to order it to London," said Col. Walter Dun, of London, Ohio, at the Barnet, "for it is a body that determines its own sitting in its capacity as coordinate branch of the State Government. I believe that McKinley would have backed up Taylor and ordered Federal troops into the State but for the fear of the result in the fall election. He realized if he did this he would have no show whatever of carrying the State, and I don't believe he has any in any event."

Br'er Allen Pokes Fun at Br'er Davis.

[Cynthiana Democrat.]

We desire to congratulate our esteemed Republican contemporary, the Maysville Ledger, upon the very simple and practical scheme it has evolved to settle the dispute at Frankfort. The Ledger would have the thirty Circuit Judges of the State sit as a court of arbitration, with a presiding Judge from the Lexington bar chosen by a majority of the one hundred and nineteen County Judges of Kentucky. This scheme is so simple and so beautiful that we hesitate to disturb it. But the fact is life is short, especially in Kentucky, and the people would like the muddle settled before the beginning of the Twenty-first century. There are only one hundred and one years left, and that would not be nearly time enough in which to get the Ledger's scheme going.

Mr. A. Sorries has recently completed a bench vase for one of his customers that he is proud of, and so he can be, for it displays the mechanical genius of Mr. Sorries; is finely finished, made of steel and a perfect "beauty."

Miss Gertrude Harding and Miss Bassie Carr have gone to Lexington to enter the Business College.

Messrs. C. T. and B. F. Marsh have sold their crop of tobacco, about 9,000 pounds, at 7½ cents all round, to Mr. Stiles, of this city.

BILLS were introduced in the Legislature at Louisville Monday offering a reward of \$100,000 for the arrest and conviction of the assassins of Governor Goebel.

MAJOR WILLIS L. RINGO, President of the Ashland and Catlettsburg Street Railway Company, died suddenly at Petersburg, Fla., where he had gone in search of health.

RACHEL CLAYTON was tried in the Circuit Court Monday on a charge of grand larceny. The jury found her guilty of petit larceny, and fixed the penalty at five days imprisonment in the county jail.

MR. T. C. CAMPBELL will offer a fine farm of eighty-four acres at public auction March 3rd. This land is one mile from Maysville, on the Lexington and Jersey Ridge pikes. See advertisement for terms.

HON. C. H. COLLINS, of Hillsboro, O., recently spent some time in Oklahoma, and has an interesting write-up in the Dispatch of Hillsboro of the wonderful resources of the new territory. He has favored the BULLETIN with a copy of the Dispatch.

The Howard-Dorset Company.

In spite of the extreme inclemency of the weather last evening, a large audience was present at the Davis to witness the Howard-Dorset Co.'s production of "The Two Orphans." It is not too much to say that no one was disappointed. Mr. Howard and Miss Dorset appeared for the first time this week in serious roles, and their artistic work left nothing to be desired. It is perhaps unfair to mention especially any member of the company when all are good.

We have rarely seen a more finished performance, and certainly never at the hands of a popular priced company. Those who missed "The Two Orphans" missed a real treat.—Huntington, W. Va. Advertiser, Feb. 8th.

This company will appear at Washington Opera House three nights and matinee, commencing Thursday, Feb. 15th. Seats now on sale at Nelson's. Prices 10, 20 and 30 cents.

Typhoid in Twenty-two Cities.

[Exchange.]

The Medical Record, tabulating the typhoid fever record for the twenty-two largest American cities, finds that in Brooklyn only nineteen persons to 100,000 of population die of this disease annually. In Manhattan and the Bronx the deaths are twenty-one to the 100,000.

These are the very lowest figures in the list, the highest being those for Chicago, sixty-five; Louisville, seventy-two; Washington, seventy-three; Denver, seventy-seven, and Pittsburg, eighty-two.

These are the very lowest figures in the list, the highest being those for Chicago, sixty-five; Louisville, seventy-two; Washington, seventy-three; Denver, seventy-seven, and Pittsburg, eighty-two.

Typhoid is a preventable disease. Its sources of propagation—water and milk—are completely within the control of municipal authorities. Such few deaths from typhoid as do occur in New York can be in large part accounted for by the summer vacations. Contaminated country wells plant the germs that produce the disease in an exceedingly small proportion of New York's population.

In New York itself a pure-water supply

and an alert milk inspection have eliminated this disease from the category of maladies to be feared.

Wherever there is a higher death rate from this cause it means maladministration, a neglect to secure pure water and pure milk.

HAVING a larger stock of sterling silver knives, forks and spoons than I care to carry, I will offer sterling silver tea spoons at \$2.50 per set; Rogers & Bros.' 1847 knives and forks and spoons at a lower price than any other dealer; eight-day clock, \$2; sterling silver sugar spoon or cream ladle, only \$1; ladies' or gents' gold-filled watch, only \$10.

MURPHY, the jeweler.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 12.—The steamer Henry M. Stanley struck the Kentucky pier of the Southern railway bridge and sunk in 25 feet of water with the bow on the Kentucky shore. So far as known, only one man was drowned, the steward of the boat, though a number sprang into the water. The steamer had left the pier for Vevay, Ind., in a dense fog.

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents at J. J. Wood & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

Miss Gertrude Harding and Miss Bassie Carr have gone to Lexington to enter the Business College.

# Bed Linens!

Almost 100 yards of splendid quality sheeting of Scotch make—the sturdy sort that does service for this and the next generation. 2½ yards wide, \$1. yd. Excellent quality bleached Irish sheeting, made to stand the hardest kind of wear. We own nearly 75 yards of it at the least price known for equal linens. 2½ yards wide \$1.00 yard. And always remember linens here are absolutely pure. Nothing else is ever admitted to this stock, though there are temptations a plenty. Cotton threads can be cleverly disguised among the linen, making good looking linens seem to cost little, but laundring soon shows the fuzzy cotton working through.

## Pillow Case Linen.

Full round thread, carefully bleached. Regular price \$1, sale price 75c. Cheap in that fine true sense which the word is slowly losing—a good thing selling for less than it is worth. To really know the importance of our price throughout this sale, you should handle the goods and "feel" the quality.

## D. HUNT & SON.

TELEPHONE 141.

## Men's

## Suits

\$20 00 KIND \$15 00

\$17 50 KIND \$13 50

\$15 00 KIND \$11 50

\$12 50 KIND \$ 9 50

\$10 00 KIND \$ 8 25

\$ 8 00 KIND \$ 6 50

\$ 6 00 KIND \$ 5 00

Do You Know...  
Almost the next man called upon after the undertaker is the photographer. Such is the case. How sad it is when the loved one has left only a miserable faded picture made in years gone by. In such cases we do the best we can, but many times it's impossible to do anything. Now with the best photos at such reasonable prices, there's no excuse for not having a good picture. Your friends will appreciate it. We make the best.

## CADY'S

ART STUDIO.

## THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

January 1, 1900.

|   |               |
|---|---------------|
| Assets.....                               | \$280,191,287 |
| Assurance fund and other liabilities..... | 219,073,899   |
| Surplus.....                              | 61,117,478    |
| Outstanding assurance.....                | 1,034,416,422 |
| Assurance applied for in 1899.....        | 237,356,610   |
| Examined and declined.....                | 31,054,778    |
| New assurance issued.....                 | 203,301,882   |

JAMES W. ALEXANDER, President.

JAMES H. HYDE, Vice President.

DILDAY & POWELL, General Managers,  
Equitable Building, Louisville, Ky.

J. D. RUMMANS, Dist. Agent, Maysville, Ky.

## A SMALL FARM

....AT AUCTION....

On SATURDAY, the 3rd day of March, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., I will offer at public auction on the premises

84 ACRES OF LAND,

situated within one mile of Maysville, on the Lexington and Jerry Ridge Turnpike roads. The land is well improved, suitable for gardening.

Terms.—One-third cash, one-third in nine months and one-third in eighteen months. Bond and security for the deferred payments. Possession given when the terms of the sale are completed.

February 12, 1900.

Attributed to GOEBEL

From One Who Was Associated With Him in the Legislature and Who Knew Him Well.

Governor Wm. Goebel was in my opinion in many respects one of the greatest men this republic has ever produced. He was able, bold, manly, conscientious, clear in thought, admirable in expression, cultured in address and stood steady in his firm belief in the construction and doctrines of this government, though the very lightning scorched the ground beneath his feet. The Kentucky people loved him because he suffered for them. They are prepared to protect and guard his memory from the fierce future winds of prejudice in saying to all those who hated him him, and whose hearts are consumed at this hour by sectional animosities, if this be treason make the most of it. He was not a saint; he was human and doubtless errred. He may have had faults. The sun has spots, but they are invisible, obscured by its effulgent rays. So his faults whatever they may have been were eclipsed by his splendid virtues. Through a short and busy life, tried on many theatres and ever exposed to the clearest public gaze he bore himself magnificently, illustrating many of the highest virtues that adorn human character. His courage was sublime.

He is not dead; he lives a higher life above. He is not dead though we have laid him in the tomb, for he lives in our hearts and he will ever live in the hearts of our children.

J. E. CANNILL, Lewisburg, Ky.

A. O. U. W.

Will meet this evening at G. A. R. hall, corner of Third and Market, at 7 o'clock.

JAMES DELINTY, M. W.

R. H. WALLACE, Recorder.

</div

# The Bee Hive

NEW SPRINGS

## Dress Ginghams and Percales

The early arrival of these goods is to meet the demands of the prudent housewife who begins to do her Spring sewing now. In Ginghams we are showing about seventy-five different styles in checks and stripes and the new corded effects. You'll find them in all colors and designs and prettier than ever before. They are the regular 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. grade, but our price is 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a yard. Our percales are a full yard wide and made of the very best fabric. The stock is very large and contains a most select variety of patterns for shirts and shirt waists. Price, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a yard.

## SUPERB LACE ALL OVERS.

Dame Fashion has decreed the Lace All Overs as the proper material for Spring and Summer of 1900. They will be used extensively for yokes and fronts of shirt waists, and where the purse can stand it, for the shirt waist complete. We have them in large quantities, comprising the daintiest of designs—all our direct importations—and at prices to insure you a saving. They range in widths from 18 to 22 inches. Prices from 49c. to \$1.98. It will pay you to investigate.

## BUYERS OF TOBACCO COTTONS.

Will find that our store is still headquarters for these goods. We are showing six different grades at prices ranging from 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. a yard. You'll find the best quality for the least money here.



## ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE,

KINGS OF LOW PRICES

### SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE.

Sessions To Be Held in This City Feb. 23rd and 24th, Conducted by General Secretary Fox.

A Sunday school institute will be held in this city Feb. 23rd and 24th, closing with a mass meeting Sunday afternoon, Feb. 25th. The opening session will be held at the M. E. Church, Third Street, and the mass meeting at Mitchell Chapel.

General Secretary E. A. Fox, of the Kentucky Sunday School Association, will be present and conduct the services. There will be a number of addresses, by Mr. Fox, Rev. J. W. Porter, Elder Howard T. Cree, Dr. Molloy, Rev. J. O. A. Vaught and others.

All Sunday school officers, teachers and pupils are urged to attend these sessions. The public cordially invited.

### Revival Services at Mitchell's Chapel.

Rev. W. F. Grinstead, formerly pastor at Millersburg, now pastor at Taylorsville, arrived this morning and will assist the pastor in the meeting. Mr. Grinstead is an excellent preacher. Afternoon services at 2:30, evening at 7. The public cordially invited.

DR. HERSCHEY was greeted by a very fine audience at the Baptist Church last night, considering the inclement weather. He is a splendid speaker, with fine voice and easy delivery, and in an interesting and instructive address of over an hour laid bare the monstrous doctrines and practices of Mormonism. In his closing remarks he referred to the treaty now before the Senate made with the Sultan of the Sulu Islands, one of Uncle Sam's new possessions, and said he hoped that treaty would not be ratified because it recognized not only polygamy but slavery also.

WANTED—Twenty-five stripper boys. Apply at Red Skin Tobacco Factory.

## Racket's Prices!

See our line of popular priced Lamps. Assortment of Cake and Bread Boxes. Working Shirts at 24c.

Crash at 5c. per yard.

Suspender, 5c. up.

Shaving Mug, 10c.

Shaving Brushes, 5c. and 10c.

A good Soap, 3 cakes for 5c.

Padlocks, two keys, 5c.

Four-hole Mouse Trap, 5c.

Rat Trap, 6c.

Large Collander, 8c.

Milk Strainers, 7c.

We keep a line of Laces and Ribbons.

Hosiery and Underwear at the right price.

## RACKET STORE!

CLAUDE H. TOLLE, Manager.

Maysville Military Academy.  
The academy has armed and equipped military company with regular drills. All studies are taught from the primary department preparatory for college. New pupils can enter for second half of term, Monday, February 5th. Tuition for half term \$25. PROF. A. A. HOGE.

TAKE Chenoweth's Cough Syrup for coughs, colds and all afflictions of the lungs and throat. Made by Thos. J. Chenoweth.

OWING  
TO  
THE GENEROUS  
SUPPORT  
OF  
THE PUBLIC,

We have our stock down to the point that our business will not be interrupted during the improvement in our storerooms. By the time this work is done our Spring stock will begin to come. Pending that we will continue to sell goods at reduced prices to make room. No matter what you see in the papers, if you are in need of anything in our line, from a pair of shoe-strings to an Overcoat, call on us.

YOU  
WILL GET THE  
RIGHT STUFF AT  
THE RIGHT  
PRICE.

PLEASE  
CALL AND PAY  
YOUR  
ACCOUNT.



HECHINGER  
& CO.

### "As Long As It Lasts"

At a special bargain. Having purchased a lot of eight-year-old whisky that was required to be tax-paid, we have concluded to give our customers the benefit of it, and place the strictly straight, pure eight-year-old Bourbon by quart, gallon or barrel on sale at \$2 gallon. Purity, age and being two-stamped goods, guaranteed. Finest on earth.

G. W. ROGERS & CO.

## New York Store

OF HAYS & CO.

To Our Farmer Friends:

Don't buy any TOBACCO COTTONS until you price ours. Fair Tobacco Cotton at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per yard. Good Tobacco Cotton 2 cents per yard.

### DOMESTICS.

If you are in need of any Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, our store is the one to call on. Cheaper than ever. Good Cottons, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ c.; Lonsdale bleached, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ c. 10-sheeting, 14c.

Just received, a large assortment of Window Blinds, 10c. up.

Lace Curtains from 49c. up.

Carpets and Mattings cheaper than ever.

### SHOES! SHOES!

Plenty of them, cheaper than ever. Men's good Shoes, 98c.; Ladies from 50c. up. Baby Shoes, 23c. Rubbers, 24c.

## HAYS & CO.

P. S.—Indigo Blue Calico, 4c.; good fancy Calico, 4c.; Clark Thread, 4c.; good Thread, two spools for 5c.

## The Best Is None Too Good For Our Customers.

Call and see our elegant stock of goods and get our prices, and you will be convinced that we can supply you with the very best goods in the FURNITURE line for as little money as such goods can be bought for anywhere.

### Our Undertaking Department

is unsurpassed in its thorough equipment, and is in charge of an experienced and careful Undertaker and Embalmer. The handsomest rubber-tired funeral car in this section.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS REPAIRED. Mattresses made to order.

## McILVAIN & HUMPHREYS, PARKER BUILDING, MAYSVILLE, KY

### River News.

If the rain keeps up a few days look out for a big river.

Still rising here. Nearly half an inch of rain fell Monday and last night.

Virginia for Pittsburgh, Speedwell for Portsmouth and Lizzie Bay for Pomeroy, to-night.

The White Collar Line met with another loss Monday in the sinking of the Stanley at Cincinnati. She ran into a pier of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad bridge, and sank at Ludlow in fifteen feet of water. She was valued at \$15,000 and was insured for \$10,000.

During the past two months the White Collar Line has met with much misfortune and the loss of thousands of dollars. Late in December the State of Kansas burned while at New Madrid, Mo. In January the W. F. Nisbet was damaged by ice and sank at Wellsburg, Ky., and Monday the Stanley was sunk.

Captain Edgington was unable to charter the Mayflower and has again secured the Speedwell to help out in the Portsmouth-Cincinnati trade. The Speedwell will leave Portsmouth on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and the M. P. Wells on alternate days. The Wells passed up this morning and will leave Portsmouth this evening for Cincinnati. The Speedwell passed down this morning.

The Point Pleasant Gazette says: "Captain H. F. Burnside left for Marietta where he will remain, and come out on the new passenger and excursion steamer, Frances J. Torrence, now under construction. Captain Burnside will mate the new boat, which will run from Pittsburg to Louisville. It is expected that Admiral Dewey will be in Pittsburg on May 1st, and that the Torrence will be the Admiral's flagship and that he will command her on that day. She will be a very fine boat and her approximate cost will be \$65,000. It is expected that Gus Butler will be chief engineer."

### Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on J. W. Wood & Son, druggists, and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50 cents and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

## NOTICE.

Any person having a claim against Coughlin Bros. will please present it to me for payment. All persons owing the firm will please call and settle at once, by cash or note, and save trouble of further notice. M. F. COUGHLIN, Successor to Coughlin Bros.

A Positive and Emphatic Hit!

WASHINGTON

## OPERA HOUSE

Three nights and Saturday matinee, commencing

Thursday, February 15

The versatile comedian, Mr. Geo. B. Howard, and the charming comedienne Miss Flora Dorset, supported by their splendid company of dramatic and musical artists, presenting the following new plays: "For Love's Sake," "His Mother's Husband's Boy," "What Happened to Turner," and a great production of Kate Claxton's success.

"THE TWO ORPHANS."

A continuous show. The People's Prices—Night, 10, 20, 30 cts. Matinee, 10 cents to all.

As a special inducement and a guarantee of the excellence of this attraction, a lady will be admitted free on opening night, if accompanied by a person with paid 30c. reserved seat ticket. Advance sale Monday a. m. at Nelson's.

## JAS. A. WALLACE,

.....FIRST-CLASS.....

### RESTAURANT.

Meals served in best style at all hours at reasonable prices. OYSTERS, FISH, GAME. Oysters sold by the quart or gallon.

Corner Market and Front Streets.

LOW PRICES.

GOOD WORK

## MURRAY & THOMAS,

Manufacturers of and dealers in

### GRANITE AND MARBLE MONUMENTS.

Building Stone always on hand. 108 W. Second Street, Maysville, KY



New, easy and pretty Two-Step March made a hit at theaters last week. Try it. Piano part only 10 cents. Full band or orchestra 30 cents. Send coin or stamps to GEORGE E. JOHNSTON, Room 5, southwest corner Fifth and Main, Cincinnati, Ohio.

### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—My home on East Third street. MRS. MARY T. COX. 14-dt!

### LOST.

LAST—Christmas night, a ladies' fur cape, between C. and O. depot and Mayslick. Finder will please return to Parker's stable. 5-dt!

LAST—Saturday a pocketbook containing a rent receipt and small sum of money. Finder will please return it to this office.

MOVED to our new store, east of Market street. We carry the largest and finest line of harness, saddles, buggies and phaetons in the city. Prices lower than the lowest. Goods guaranteed.

KLIPP & BROWN.

POVNTZ BROS. are the only Maysville distillers selling pure liquors by the quart, gallon or barrel, direct from distillery to consumer. Seven-year-old whisky \$2 per gallon. Age and quality guaranteed. Get the best. Office 120 Market street—Watson's old stand.

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## COUNTY CULLINGS.

Items Picked Up by the Bulletin's Correspondents in Mason and Elsewhere.

### COTTAGEVILLE.

J. H. King, of Aberdeen, was in town recently. Hook Bros., of Farris, have finished building their new store and will soon open up business therein.

John Fenwick, of Illinois, is calling on old friends here. John says politics has changed in old Kentucky.

Died, Feb. 1st, Miss Esther Gillespie, of Fleming County, after a protracted illness. Deceased was a former resident of Cottageville, and the burial took place in the family burying-ground of Mr. James Gillespie near here.

### FERN LEAF.

Frank Brown is still improving from the serious burns received on his face.

S. M. Worthington returned last week from Versailles, where he has been visiting his son, Dr. Worthington.

V. Worthington has returned from his visit at Cincinnati. On his way home he spent a few hours in Covington, where he viewed the remains of the late William Goebel, lying in state at the I. O. O. F. hall.

Cren Slack, the largest real estate owner in this community, is reported as being the third largest taxpayer in the county, having land valued at \$7,000, besides other property. Omar Dodson, the Maysville wholesale grocer, comes first with \$12,000, and Mrs. Finch ranking second.

One of the most enjoyable, as well as one of the most pleasant, events of the season was had on Saturday eve at the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Adam, of near this place, given by Mr. William and Miss Nannie Adam. After indulging in plays, pleasant conversation, etc., the guests were served refreshments. Among those present were, Messrs. Ben Downing, Daniels, William Dunn, Ollie and Charles Kilgour, J. Coffey, E. A. Griffith, and Misses Daniels, Sudie Moran, Dolly Moran, of Texas; Maud and Stella Downing, Elizabeth and Naunie Downing, Jeany and Elizabeth Curtis.

### Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fog into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by J. J. Wood & Son.

MR. C. T. WEST is ill at his home on Forest avenue.

## PITHY POLITICAL POINTS.

[By Robt. Taylor.]

The Republicans were well aware when they put Goebel out of the way that he wouldn't be here anymore to speak for himself, even much less for the people.

There probably wasn't a man in that building who wasn't listening with eager expectation for the sound of the gun that was to lay poor Goebel low.

Let a monument be erected that shall commemorate the integrity, incorruptibility and heroism of Goebel, while it proclaims for all time the infamy of the men who instigated his assassination.

Some Republicans claim that Mr. Goebel brought about his murder by remaining at Frankfort and pushing his claim to the Governorship. We suppose then, that he acted as a menace to those mountain outlaws and cut-throats and the balance of that murderous crew.

The truth is that Governor Goebel was so brave, fearless and chivalrous himself that he didn't believe there was any of his opponents so base, so ignoble, so treacherous, so infamous, so full of venom, hate and murder, as to counsel his assassination, much less to carry it into execution. Now the truth is known to all men.

### Christianity.

I have had twenty-one years experience among natives. I have seen the semi-civilized and the uncivilized. I have lived with the Christian native, dined and slept with the cannibal. I have visited the islands of the New Hebrides, which, I sincerely trust, will not be turned over to the tender mercies of France. I have visited the Loyalty Group. I have seen the work of missions in the Samoan Group. I know all the islands of the Society Group. I have lived for ten years in the Hervey Group. I know a few of the groups close on the line, and for at least nine years of my life I have lived with the savages of New Guinea; but I have never yet met with a single man or woman or with a single people that your civilization without Christianity has civilized.—Rev. John Chalmers, of the London Missionary Society.

MRS. BERT HOLLIDAY, who has been quite ill with the grip, is improving and is now able to sit up.

## THE

## FENCE THAT FENCES

Is the fence that has been sought for many years. People who needed fences have been looking for it. People who make fences have been trying to solve the problem. There has been a gradual evolution from the rail fence and rock wall in which every form of wood and metal and their combinations have been tried and found wanting in some essential feature until

### THE AMERICAN FIELD AND HOG FENCE

